

Proclamation 6223 of November 8, 1990

**To Designate Nicaragua as a Beneficiary Country for  
Purposes of the Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act**

*By the President of the United States of America*

*A Proclamation*

1. Section 212 of the Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act (CBERA) (19 U.S.C. 2702), as amended, authorizes the President to designate the countries, territories, or successor political entities thereto that will be beneficiary countries for the purposes of the CBERA (19 U.S.C. 2701 *et seq.*). Such countries are entitled to duty-free entry of eligible articles imported directly therefrom into the customs territory of the United States. Nicaragua has expressed its desire to be so designated and its intention to take steps to comply with all of the necessary criteria set forth in the CBERA.

2. Pursuant to section 212(b) of the CBERA (19 U.S.C. 2702(b)), I have determined that the designation of Nicaragua as a beneficiary country will be in the national security interest of the United States, and have reported such determination to the Congress with the reasons therefor. In addition, pursuant to section 212(a) of the CBERA (19 U.S.C. 2702(a)), I have notified the House of Representatives and the Senate of my intention to designate Nicaragua as a beneficiary country and have communicated to them the considerations entering into my decision. Accordingly, pursuant to section 212(b) of the CBERA, and after taking into account the factors enumerated in section 212(c) of the CBERA (19 U.S.C. 2702(c)), I hereby designate Nicaragua as a beneficiary country for purposes of the CBERA.

3. Section 604 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2483) authorizes the President to embody in the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTS) the substance of the relevant provisions of that Act, of other acts affecting import treatment, and of actions taken thereunder.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, GEORGE BUSH, President of the United States of America, acting under the authority vested in me by the Constitution and the laws of the United States, including but not limited to sections 211 through 213 of the Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act, as amended by the Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Expansion Act of 1990, and section 604 of the Trade Act of 1974, do proclaim that:

(1) In order to designate Nicaragua as a beneficiary country for the purposes of the CBERA, general note 3(c)(v)(A) to the HTS, listing those countries designated as beneficiary countries under the CBERA, is modified by inserting in alphabetical sequence "Nicaragua".

(2) The modifications made by this proclamation shall be effective with respect to articles entered, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, in the customs territory of the United States on or after the date of publication of this proclamation in the **Federal Register**.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this eighth day of November, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and ninety, and

of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and fifteenth.

GEORGE BUSH

**Proclamation 6224 of November 9, 1990**

**National Women Veterans Recognition Week, 1990**

*By the President of the United States of America*

*A Proclamation*

Each November 11, on the anniversary of the signing of the armistice that ended World War I, we pause as a Nation to express our respect and gratitude for veterans of the United States Armed Forces. Today more than one million women stand among this group of distinguished Americans. Indeed, women have served our country with pride, skill, and courage in every overseas combat theater of every conflict since World War I. It is therefore fitting that we mark the week beginning on the anniversary of Armistice Day as a special time to honor America's women veterans.

Serving in every branch of the Armed Forces and in a variety of challenging occupations, women have made vital contributions to our national security. In peacetime as well as in times of conflict and peril, they have demonstrated exemplary devotion to our country and to the principles for which it stands. Many have put themselves in harm's way to help ensure the success of our Nation's military operations. Some have been wounded, and others have given their lives, in the line of duty.

During recent years, the role of women in the Armed Forces has grown. With it has grown public appreciation for the talent, patriotism, and expertise that female military personnel bring to their work. Last December, many Americans noted the important contribution women made to Operation Just Cause, the superbly planned and executed mission to defend the cause of freedom and democratic government in Panama. Today, on the other side of the world, women are among those American troops who are deterring aggression on the sands and off the shores of Saudi Arabia. To these women, and to those who have gone before them in service to our country, we pay a grateful tribute.

In recognition of those women who have volunteered for service in the United States Armed Forces, the Congress, by Senate Joint Resolution 307, has designated November 11 through November 17, 1990, as "National Women Veterans Recognition Week" and has authorized and requested the President to issue a proclamation in observance of this week.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, GEORGE BUSH, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the week of November 11 through November 17, 1990, as National Women Veterans Recognition Week. I encourage all Americans to observe this week with appropriate programs, ceremonies, and activities.